MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

117BC 5500

PRODUCT NAME: SPEED ENAMEL 0307 ACRYL. CLEAR PRODUCT CODE: 0465

HMIS CODES: H

_______ SECTION I MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: MAJOR PAINT COMPANY

ADDRESS: 4300 West 190th Street, Torrance, CA 90509-2868

EMERGENCY PHONE: (213) 542-7701 DATE REVISED : 10-02-91

INFORMATION PHONE: (213) 542-7701

NAME OF PREPARER : MAJOR PAINT

REASON REVISED : Update warnings.

SECTION II HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	OCCUPAT	IONAL EXPOSU ACGIH TLV	RE LIMITS OTHER TLV	VAPOR PRESSURE mm eg (Temp	
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE BR 240-285 F ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE BR 245-290 F *METHYLENE CHLORIDE PROPANE ISOBUTANE	64742-89-8 8032-32-4 75-09-2 74-98-6 75-28-5	300 PPM 500 PPM 500 PPM 1000 PPM 1000 PPM	300 PPM 300 PPM 50 PPM 1000 PPM 600 PPM	100 PPM 200 PPM 100 PPM 1000 PPM 800 PPM	15.0 100F 15.0 77F 420.0 77F 200.0 100F 72.0 100F	43.00

* Indicates toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372. *** This MSDS complies with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. ***

NE - None established

Facilities Managemeni

SECTION III PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

BOILING RANGE: -43 to 245 Deg F VAPOR DENSITY: HEAVIER THAN AIR

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not applicable.

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Aerosol can.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1):

EVAPORATION RATE: SLOWER THAN ETHER

SECTION IV -FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: BELOW 20F

METHOD USED: CC

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME-

LOWER:

1.0% **UPPER:** 25.0%

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, CO2, DRY CHEMICAL

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Avoid confined spaces. Firefighters should be equiped with full protective equipment including a positive pressure NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Water may be unsuitable as an extinguishing medium.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas of poor ventilation or travel along the ground to remote ignition sites. Contents are under pressure. Keep cool. Exposure to heat or sunlight may cause cans to burst and propell contents. Water from fog nozzles may be helpful in cooling unruptured containers to prevent pressure build-up.

SECTION V

- REACTIVITY DATA

ABILITY: STABLE ONDITIONS TO AVOID

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

Strong exidizing agents, strong acids and bases, selected amines.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS

May emit fumes when heated to decomposition. May emit carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, unidentified organic compounds.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Staggering gait, Lassitude, Loss of Coordination, Confusion, Unconsciousness.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Eye watering, headaches, nausea, dizziness, etc. are signs that solvent levels are too high.

SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

See inhalation. Organic solvents are easily absorbed. Dry skin, redness, or dermatitis due to the defatting action of solvents are signs of exposure.

INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

See inhalation. May also result in gastro-intestinal distress. There is a danger of petroleum distillates entering the lungs if swallowed or vomited and causing inflammation, damage, or even death.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvent with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP? YES IARC MONOGRAPHS? YES OSHA REGULATED? NO Detectable amounts of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm may be present in this product.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Presexisting eye, skin, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, call doctor. Eye: In case of eye contact, immediatly flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. Skin: In case of skin contact, wash skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician. Ingestion: For ingestion, call physician immediately, have names of hazardous ingredients ready, do not induce vomiting, keep head lower than waist. Aspiration of vomitus may result in chemical pneumonitis and/or pulmonary edema.

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PRECEDITIONS FOR SEAFE SENDLING AND USE ========== SECTION VII

BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED her area. Remove sources of ignition, including hot metal surfaces. Wear appropriate clothing and gear. Prevent members and avoid breathing of vapor. Confine immediately and remove with inert absorbant such as clay or sand.

mentalism material to contaminate ground water systems. Place in non-leaking containers. Dispose of absorbed sterial in accordance with all Federal, State, and local requirements. In not incinerate in closed containers.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Observe label presentions. Appr away from heat, sparks, and open flams (1.8. all ignition sources). Cap container The probability above the degree K. Store

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in dry, well wentilated place. " " " " "

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Бізы Ізілен — Қайминскиция (1811—1814)

Do not take internally. Do not propolitie containers

Use with adequate ventilation - do not inhale vapors. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors of this product may be harmful or fatal.

Do not sand, flame cut, braze, or weld dry coating without a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator or sufficient ventilation.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES 2-2-3-3-4-2-2-2-2-2-2

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Do not breath vapors or mists. If the TLV, PEL, or other limits are exceeded then wear a properly fitted vapor and particulate or positive pressure air supplied respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for use with paints during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted. Follow the respirator manufacturer's directions for proper use.

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable OSHA requirements or other suggested exposure limits. Use only explosion proof equipment with flammable materials.

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SIS PROTECTION

Goggles are rest to prevent sys irritation. Then is no safety plasses and splass grain, side stields, or face sterio.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

Apron, coveralls, or work clothes. Change clothes and shoes in case of spill, spilss, or excessive overspray. So not reuse clothing or shoes while solvent odor is retained in them. Eye washes and safety showers could also be provided.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

As with all chemical products, use care in handling. Do not smoke or eat without first washing your hands.

SECTION IX DISCLAIMER =====

DISCLAIMER

The information in this MSDS was obtained from sources which are believed to be reliable. However, the information is provided without any representation or warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its accuracy or correctness. It relates only to the material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or process.